

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations
and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

**As rescanning documents *will not* correct images,
please do not report the images to the
Image Problem Mailbox.**

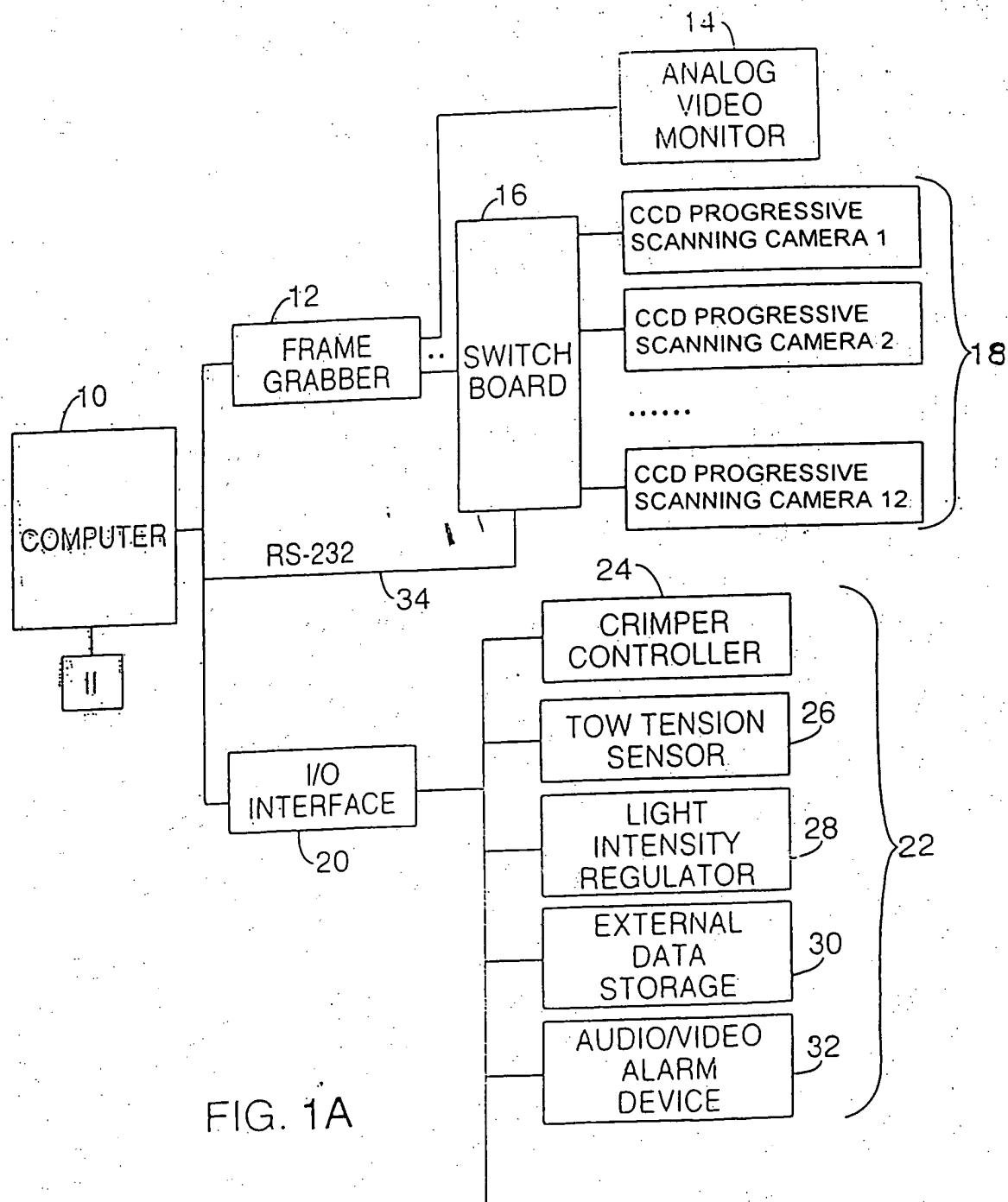


FIG. 1A

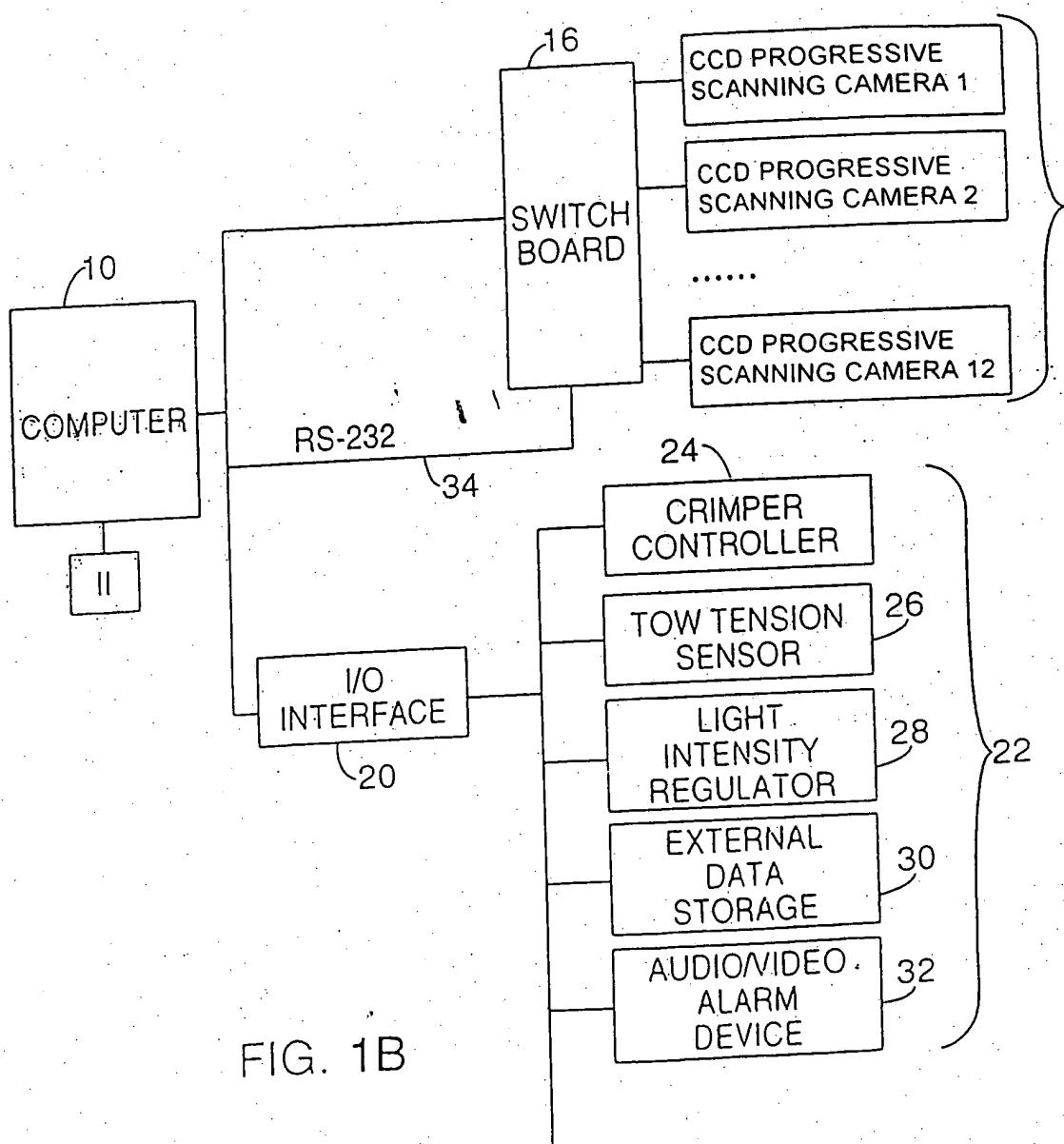


FIG. 1B

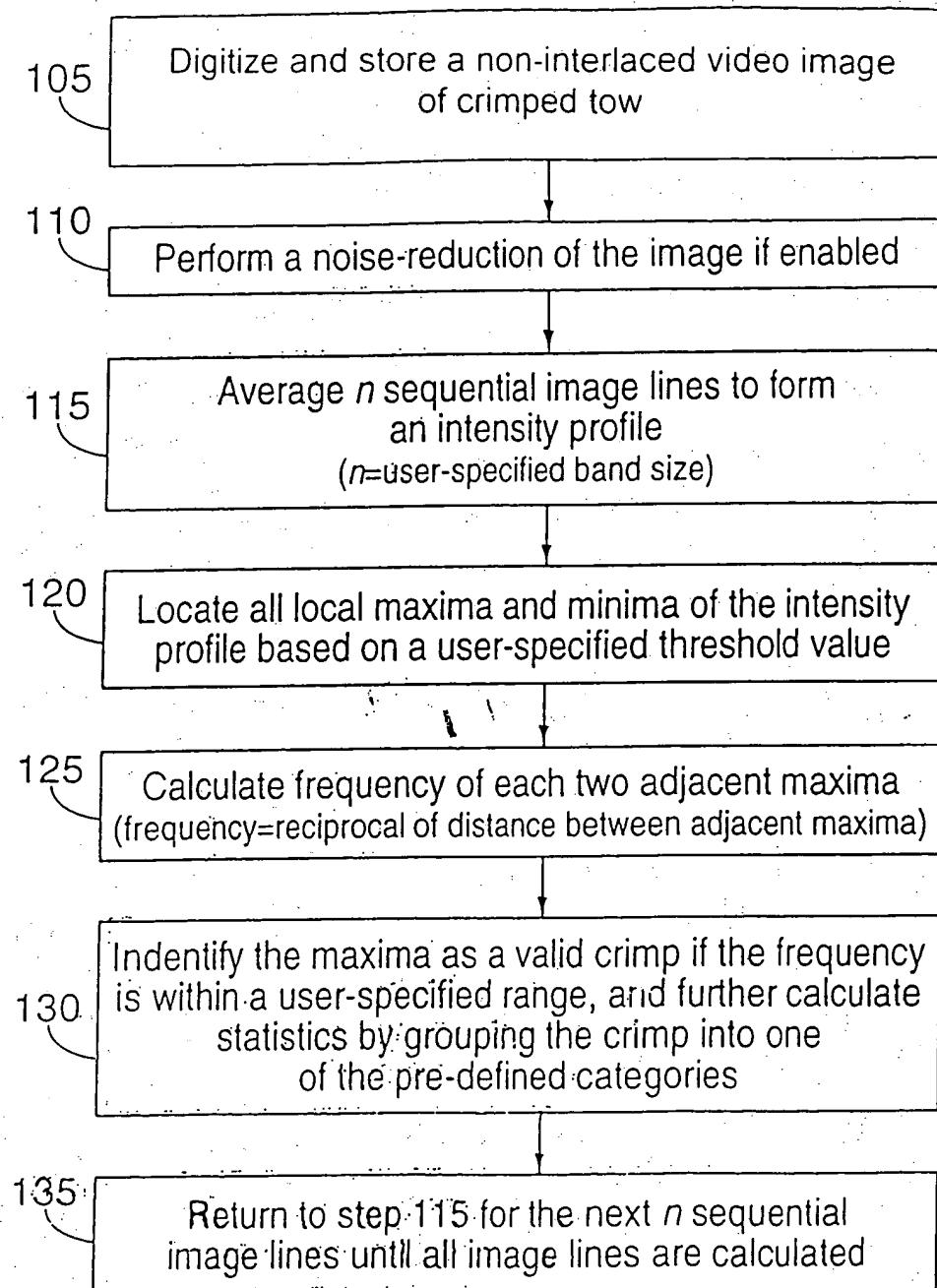
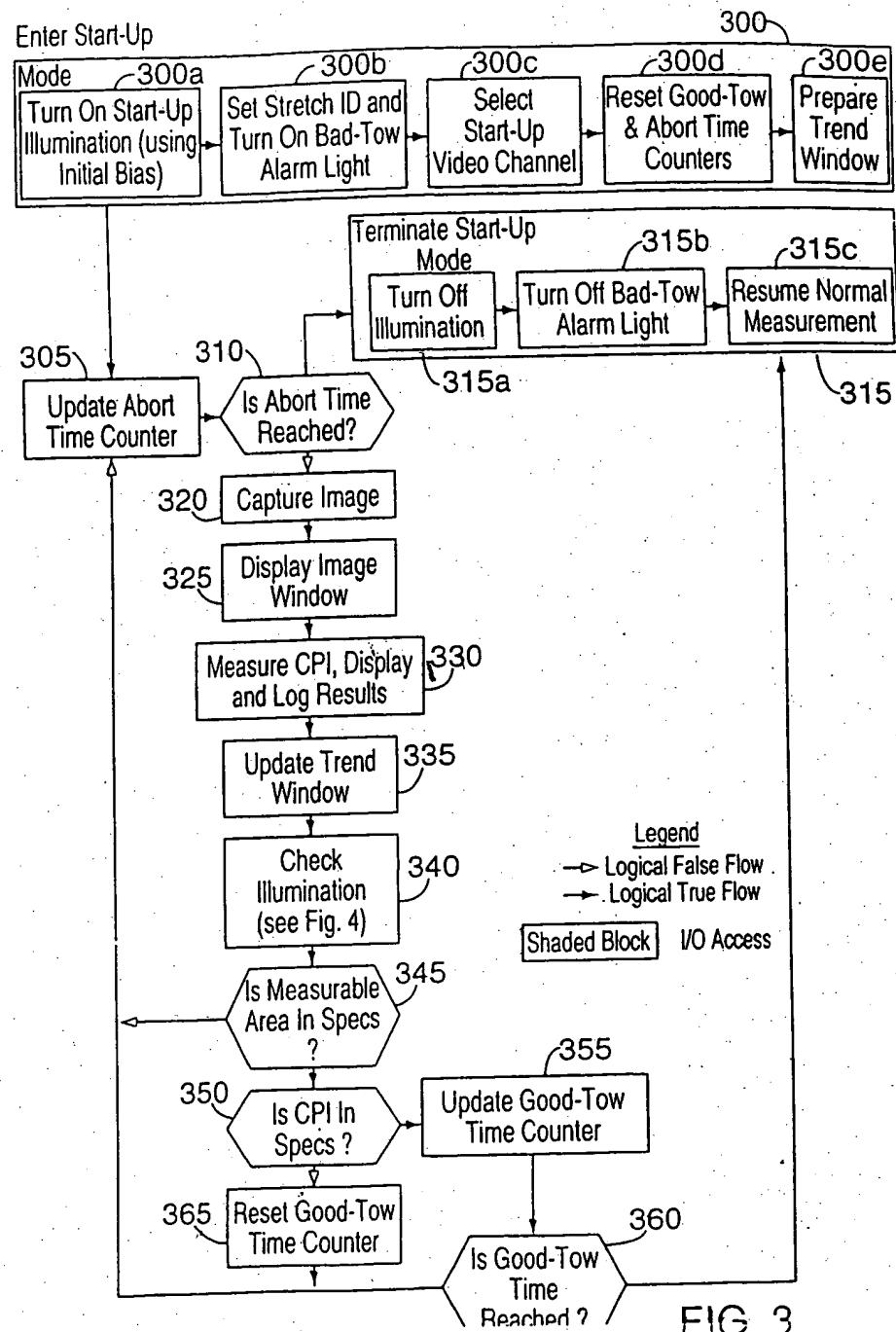


FIG. 2



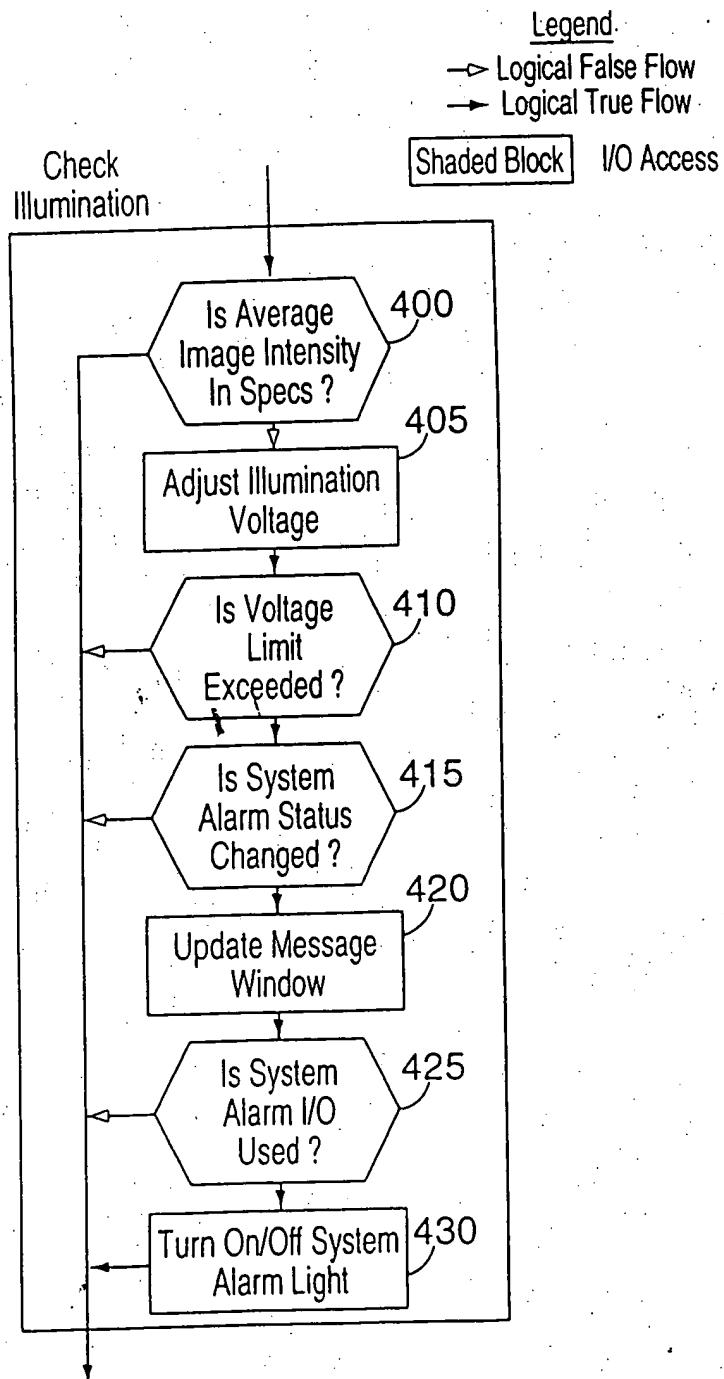
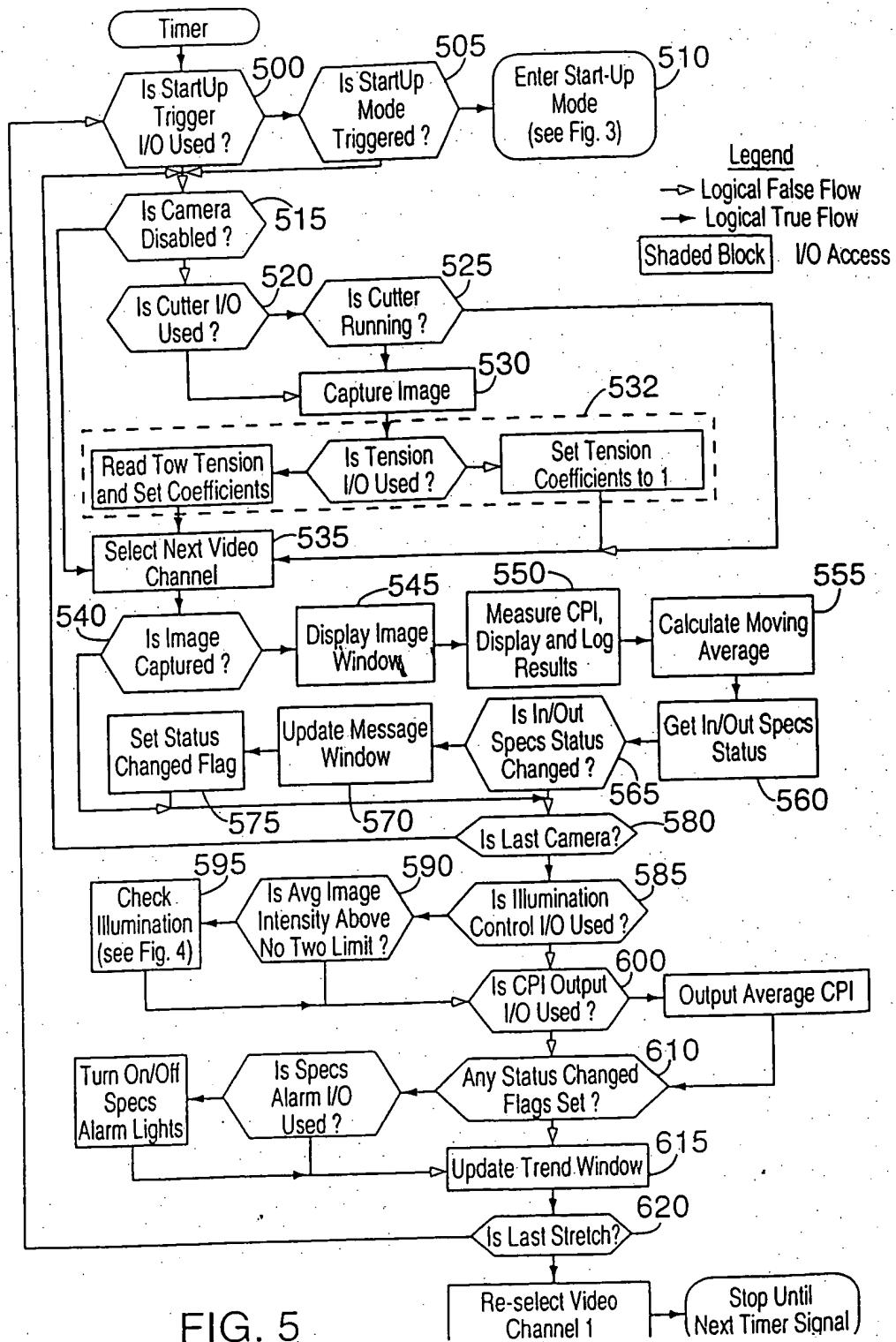
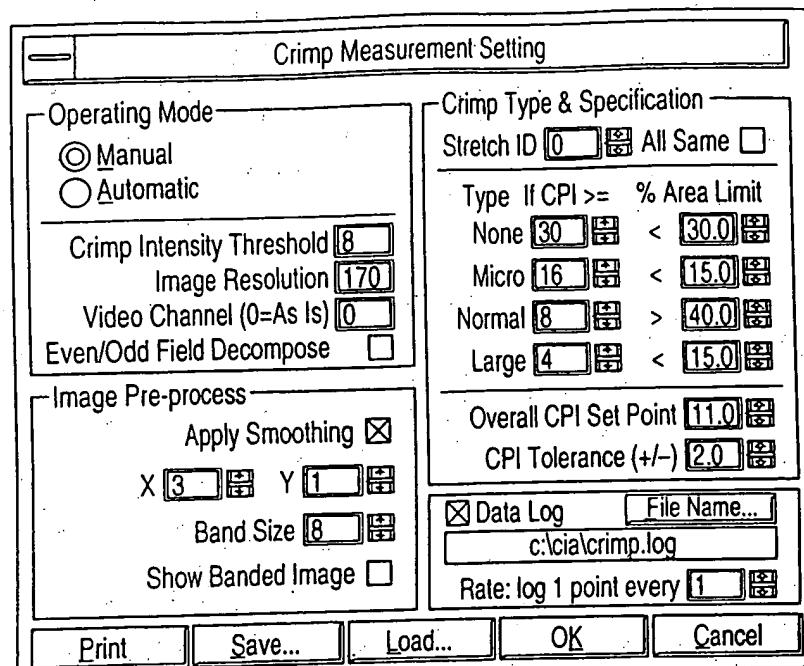


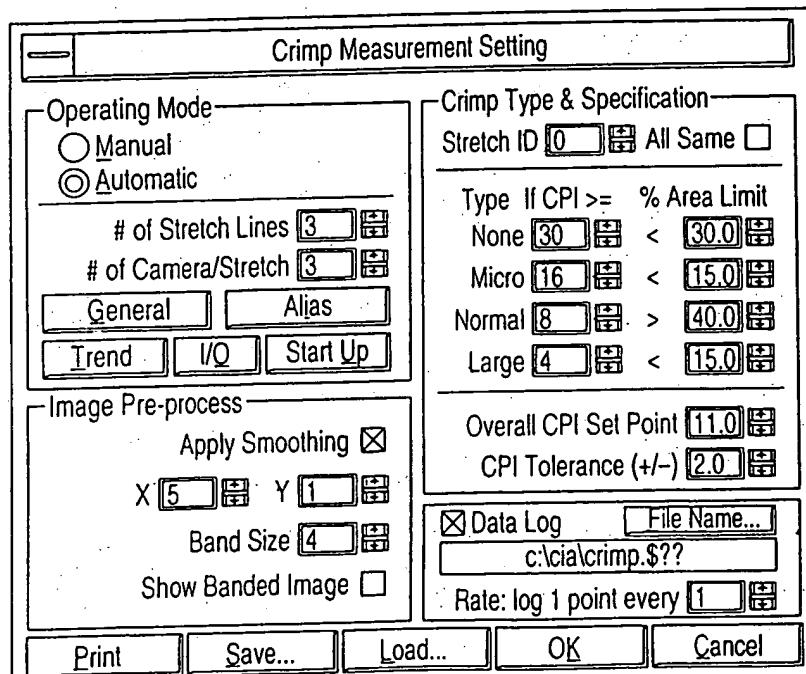
FIG. 4





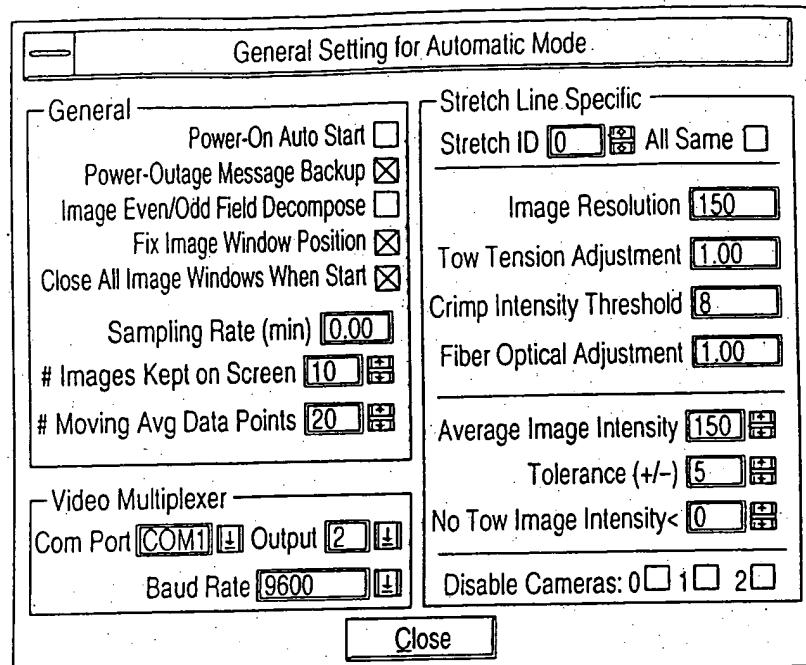
Measurement Setting For Manual Mode

FIG. 6A



Measurement Setting For Automatic Mode

FIG. 6B

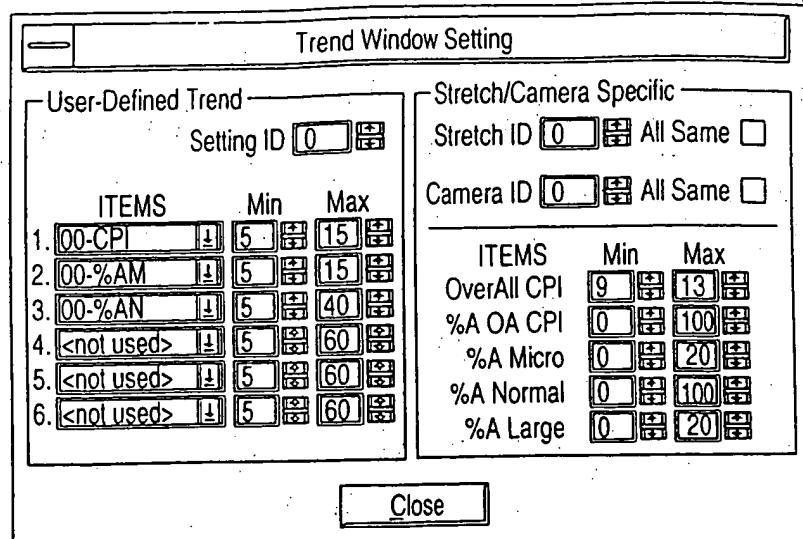


'General' for Automatic Mode

FIG. 7A

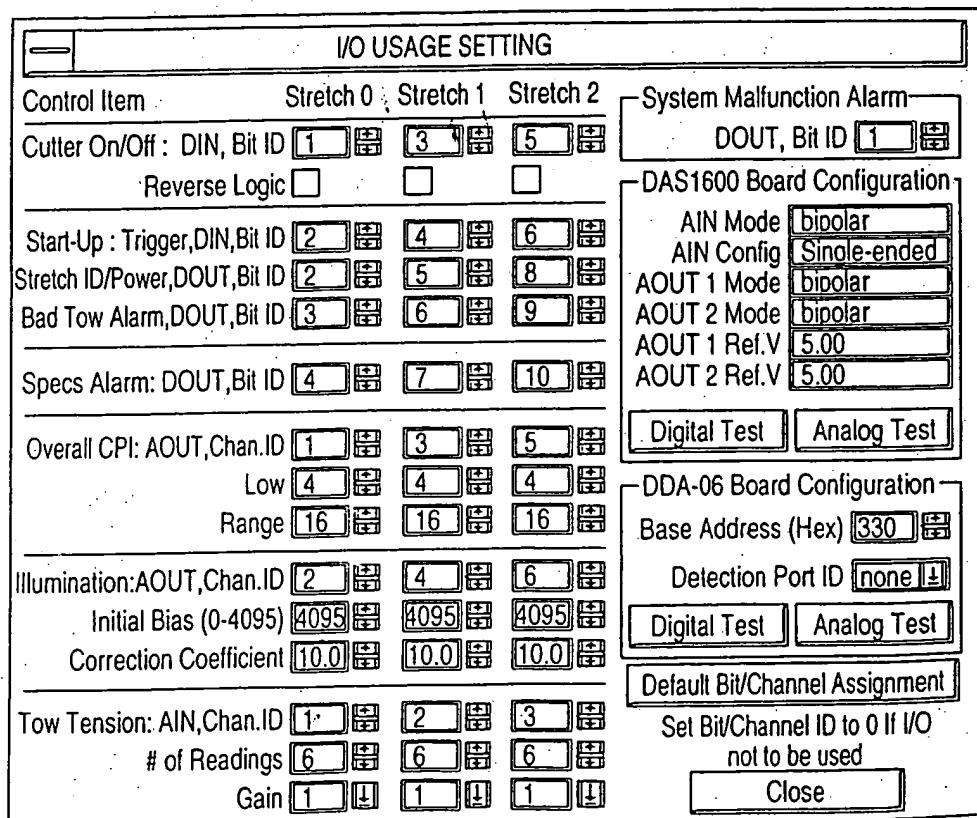
Common Name		
Items	Short Name (1 char.)	Long Name (5 char.)
Stretch 0	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="ls800"/>
1	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="ls801"/>
2	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="ls802"/>
<hr/>		
Camera 0	<input type="text" value="R"/>	<input type="text" value="right"/>
1	<input type="text" value="C"/>	<input type="text" value="cntr"/>
2	<input type="text" value="L"/>	<input type="text" value="left"/>

FIG. 7B



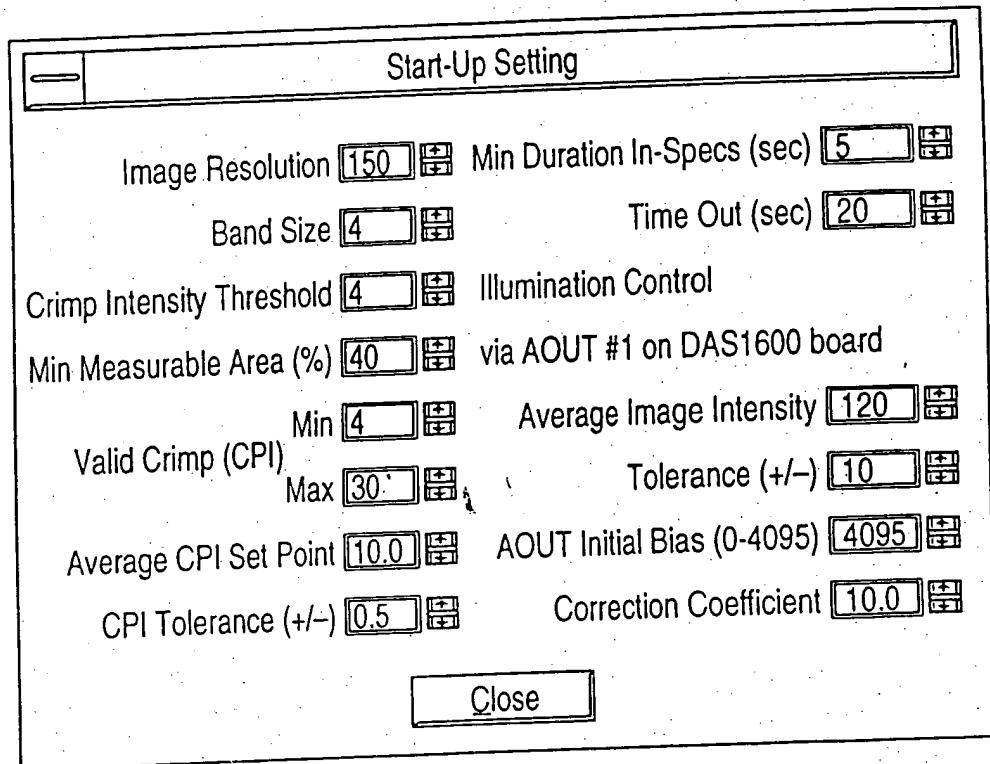
'Trend' for Automatic Mode

FIG. 7C



'I/O' for Automatic Mode

FIG. 7D



'Start Up' for Automatic Mode

FIG. 7E

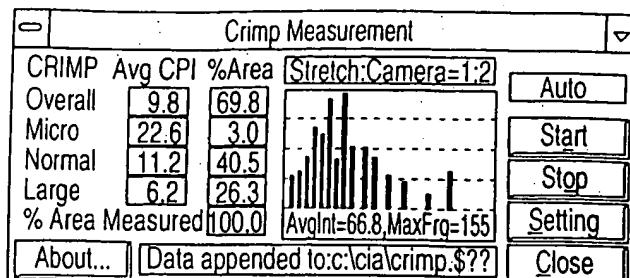


FIG. 8

Main Control Panel And Measurement Results Of The Current Image

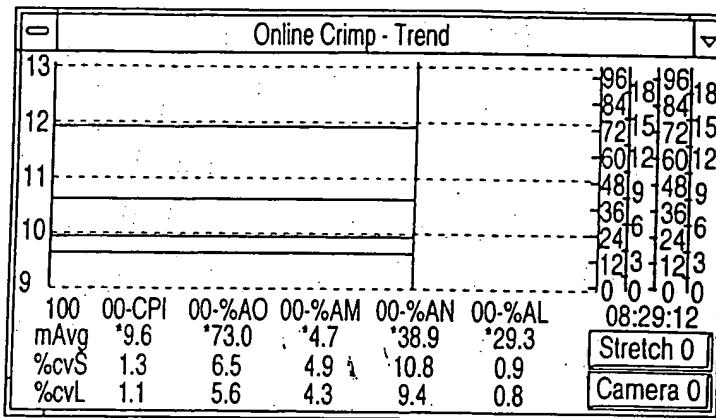


FIG. 9

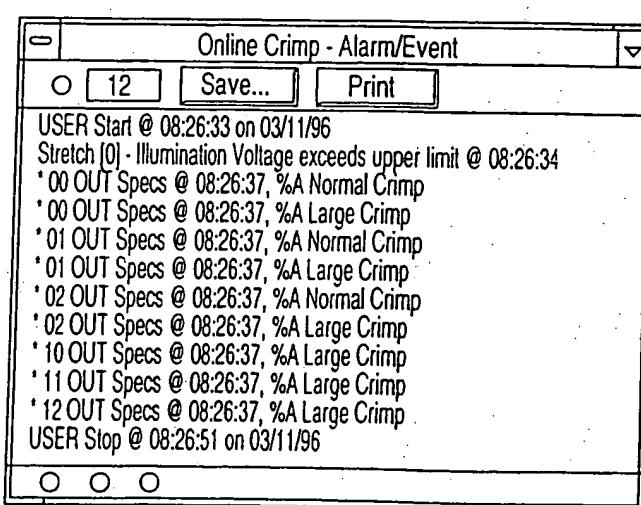
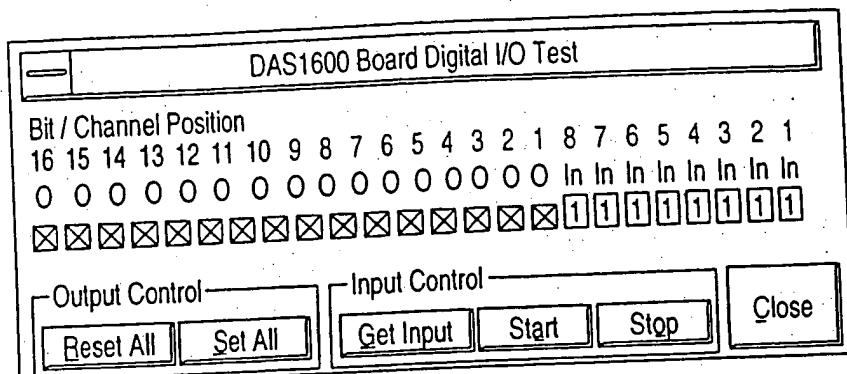


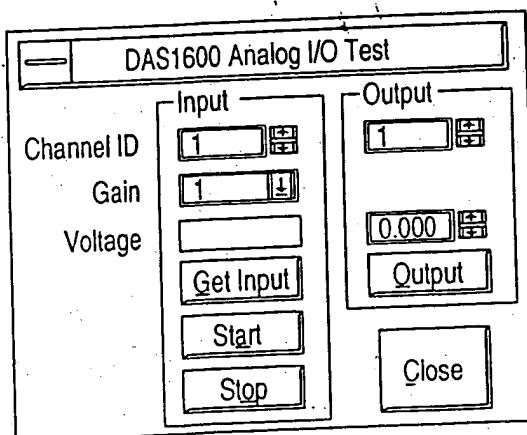
FIG. 10

Alarm/Event Message Window



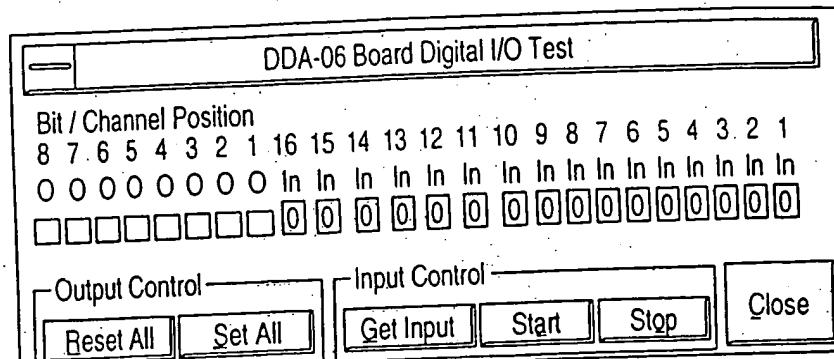
'Digital Test' for I/O Usage Setting

FIG. 11A



'Analog Test' for I/O Usage Setting

FIG. 11B



'Digital Test' for I/O Usage Setting

FIG. 11C

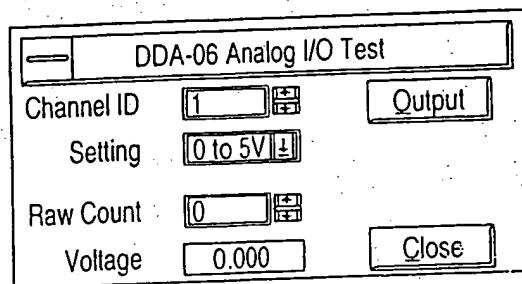
'Analog Test' for
I/O Usage Setting

FIG. 11D

14/21

FIG. 12A

```
/*-- Measurement function activated by system's timer
-----*/
static void PNEAR NormalMeasurement(HWND hwnd)
{
    HANDLE hDIB[2];
    LPPIOUSAGE lpIO;
    int err=0, macalc[2]={0, 0};
    int s,c,idxm,idxm2,i,k;
    float oacPI[2];
    int ncPI[2];
    float avgIntensity;
    int nIntensity;
    extern LONG nUntitled;

    // handle to, newly captured images
    // pt to IO setting data
    // flag for error and moving avg calculation status
    // loop control variables
    // avg overall CPI of a stretch
    // # of images for avg overall CPI calculation
    // avg image intensity of a stretch
    // # of images for avg image intensity calculation
    // # of image windows created since system started

    idxm=lpRes->IdxM+1;
    for(s=0; s<lpCFG->nstretch; s++) {
        lpIO=&lpCFG->iols[s];
        if(lpIO->suTrig>0 && ioIsStartup(lpIO->suTrig, s)) {
            startupMode(hwnd, suENTER); return;
        }
        oacPI[0]=oacPI[1]=0.0f; ncPI[0]=ncPI[1]=0;
        avgIntensity=0.0f; nIntensity=0;
        for(c=0; c<lpCFG->Cameras; c++) {
            hDIB[0]=hDIB[1]=NULL;
            if(!lpCFG->disableCamera[s][c] &&
               (lpIO->cutter<0 || ioIsCutterOn(lpIO, s))) {
                if(err=GetLiveImage(lpCFG->actypes[s].dpi, hDIB)) goto EXIT;
                if(lpIO->tension>0) iogetTowTension(lpIO);
            }
            if(lpCtl->LastVideoCode!=2) {
                // switch video channel if more than 1 camera used
                // advance to next channel
            }
            for(i=0;i<nImgCap;i++) {
                if(hDIB[i]) {
                    wsprintf(lpCtl->logName,cMg[73],s,c,cMg[39+i],nUntitled+d1);
                    if(!ImageWindowAdd(hDIB[i],lpCtl->logName,1)) { // create new image window
                        hDIB[i]=NULL; err=IDE_NoMemory; goto EXIT; // fail to create new window
                    }
                    if(err=MeasureCrimpAuto(hwnd,s,c)) goto EXIT; // measure crimp
                    if(MovingAvgGet(s,c,idxm2)) // calculate moving avg
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

15/21

```
maCalc[i]++; // cumulate if moving average calculated
oCPI[i] += lpMov[s][c][0].lpM[0].lIdxm2; nCPI[i]++;
avgIntensity+=lpRes->avgIntensity; // cumulate average image intensity for illumination control
nIntensity++;

} //--- end of loop over 2 images per capture
... // check user interrupts from mouse or keyboard
} //--- end of loop over cameras
if(lpIO->illumIn>0 & nIntensity) { // check illumination if I/O enabled
    avgIntensity/=(float)nIntensity;
    if(avgIntensity>=(float)lpCFG->LowInt[s]) ioLightingNormal(lpIO,s,avgIntensity);

if(lpIO->oCPI>0)
    for(i=0;i<nImgCap;i++) if(nCPI[i])
        ioOutputCPI(lpIO,oCPI[i]/nCPI[i]);

k=0;
for(c=0;c<lpCFG->nCamera;c++) // check/update measurement In/Out specs
    for(i=0;i<nITEMS;i++)
        // loop over all cameras and measurement attributes
        if(lpAIm->msg[s][c][i]) { // nCAMERA, break;
            k=1;
            if(k!=lpAIm->curSpecWarn[s]) { // if warning (alarm light) status changed
                ... // update status
            }
        }
    } //--- end of loop-over stretch
if(maCalc[0]) { // maCalc[1]
    ... // moving avg calculated for at least 1 stretch line
    ... // update trend window
}

EXIT:
if(err || IntTimer==2) { // Error stop or User stop
    Startstop(hwnd,0,!err); // stop auto measurement first
    if(err) { // if error stop
        ... // error handling routines
    }
}
/*-----*/
SetLiveImage();
/*-----*/
int PFAR GetLiveImage( // image resolution, determined by camera optics and geometry
    int dpi, // dpi
    HANDLE *h) // pt to array of handle to image data
{
    HANDLE hMem;
```

FIG. 12B

16/21

FIG. 12C

```
int err=IDE_NoMemory;
if(lpCFG->DigitalOutput) *h=GetDigitalImage();
else if(hMem=TP_DataOnBoardGet(
0,0,pBd->data.width-1,pBd->data.height-1)) {
    TGA2DIBmemBoard(hMem,dpi);
    if(lpCFG->field) {
        if(FieldDecompose(hMem,h)) err=0;
        else (*h=hMem; err=0; )
    }
    return(err);
}
/*-----*
Return: TRUE if OK, FALSE if run-out memory error
-----*/
int Pfar FieldDecompose(HANDLE src,HANDLE *h)
{
    LPBITMAPINFOHEADER srclpbpi=(LPBITMAPINFOHEADER)GlobalLock(src);
    LPBITMAPINFOHEADER dstlpbpi[2];
    DWORD memSize, srcWidthByte=GetWidthByte(srclpbpi);
    WORD headSize=(WORD)srclpbpi->bisize+(WORD)srclpbpi->biClrUsed+sizeof(RGBQUAD);
    WORD dy[2];
    BYTE _huge* s, _huge* d[2];
    int i, k, rtn=TRUE;
    dy[0]=((WORD)srclpbpi->biHeight+1)>>1; // destination image1 height
    dy[1]=((WORD)srclpbpi->biHeight-dy[0]); // destination image2 height
    h[0]=NULL;
    for(i=0; i<2; i++) { // allocate memory buffers and copy image header data
        memSize=(DWORD)headSize+(DWORD)dy[i]*srcWidthByte;
        if(h[i]=GlobalAlloc(GMEM_MOVEABLE,memSize)) {
            dstlpbpi[i]=(LPBITMAPINFOHEADER)GlobalLock(h[i]);
            if(memcpy(dstlpbpi[i],srclpbpi,headSize));
            dstlpbpi[i]->biHeight=dy[i];
            dstlpbpi[i]->biSizeImage=dstlpbpi[i]->biHeight*srcWidthByte;
            d[i]=PointToData(dstlpbpi[i]);
        } else rtn=FALSE;
    }
    if(rtn) {
        s=PointToData(srclpbpi);
        k=(int)srclpbpi->biHeight/32;
        for(i=0; i<(int)srclpbpi->biHeight; i++) {
            k=!k;
            // change field index alternatively
        }
    }
}
```

17/21

```
FIG. 12D

fmemcpy(d[k], s, (WORD)srcWidthByte); // copy image data from source to destination
    // advance point to next image data row of destination image
    s +=srcWidthByte;
}

GlobalUnlock(h[0]);
GlobalUnlock(h[1]);
else if(h[0]) { GlobalUnlock(h[0]); GlobalFree(h[0]); h[0]=NULL; }

GlobalUnlock(src);
return(rtn);

/*-----*
Return: 0 if OK, IDE_?? if Fail
-----*/
static int PNEAR MeasureCrimpAuto(
HWND hwnd,           // handle to caller's window
int std,int cId)     // stretch and camera ID
{
    if(Pref.UndoEnable&&(PtActWnd->DIB2=DIBDupFull(PPActWnd->DIB)) ==NULL) return(IDE_NoMemory);

    lpRes->avgIntensity=ToEdgeDetection(PPActWnd->DIB,1);
    if(lpcFG->prep[1].smooth) {
        LPBITMAPINFOHEADER lpbi=(LPBITMAPINFOHEADER)GlobalLock(PtActWnd->DIB);
        Filter(hwnd,CamStd,lpbi,PtActWnd->DIB2,0,lpcFG->prep[1].x,lpcFG->prep[1].y,SMOOTH_AVERAGE,0,0,0.0f);
        GlobalUnlock(PtActWnd->DIB);
    }

    FindCrimp(PtActWnd->DIB,lpcFG->prep[1].bandsize,lpcFG->prep[1].showBand); // identify/validate crimp
    if(lpCtl->nLogdata==1) return(WriteLog(sId,cId)); // log measurement result to a disk file
    return(0);
}

/*-----*
Return: 0 if OK, IDE_?? if Fail
-----*/
static void PNEAR FindCrimp(
HANDLE memSrc,          // src image to find crimp
int bandsize,            // user-specified band size
char showBand)           // user-specified show band-avged image option
{
    LPBITMAPINFOHEADER lpbi=(LPBITMAPINFOHEADER)GlobalLock(memSrc);
    LPINT Loc=lpRes->loc;           // pointer to pre-allocated memory buffer for storing location Info
    LPBYTE Px1=lpRes->Px1;           // pointer to pre-allocated memory buffer for storing pixel intensity of the profile
    DWORD ByteWidth=GetWidthByte(lpbi); // # of byte per image data row
    DWORD bandByte =ByteWidth*bandsize; // # of byte per band of image data
    int width=(int)lpbi->biWidth;    // image width in pixel
}
```

18/21

FIG. 12E

```
BYTE  huge* srcD, _huge* d;           // point to src image data
int   nBand, b;                      // # of band to process
int   i, k, first, N, ext, cpi;      // loop control variables
LONG  mArea, mCunt, nArea, nCunt, lArea, lCunt; // area and counter for micro/normal/large crimp
TLONG tArea, tCunt;                  // total area and counter
register WORD pv;                   // pixel value

for(i=0;i<cpiHighLimit;i++) lpRes->pHist[i]=0;          // init. distribution data buffer
mArea=nArea=1Area=mCunt=nCunt=lCunt=0L;                  // init. area and counter variables

if(lpRes->avgIntensity) {                                // image rows, excluding background
    N=lpRes->top-lpRes->bottom;                         // # of band to process
    nBand=N/bandsize;                                     // of band to process
    srcD=PointToData(lpbi)+ByteWidth*lpRes->bottom;     // point to src image data
    else { N=nBand;                                         // black image, or all background
        lpRes->edge=100.0f*(1.0f-(float)N/(float)lpbi->biHeight); // # of bands to process
    }
    while(b--) {                                         // loop over bands
        b=nBand;
        for(i=0;i<width;i++) {                           // calculate banded avg
            d=srcD+i; pv=(WORD)*d;
            for(k=1;k<bandsize;k++) { d+=ByteWidth; pv+=(WORD)*d; }
            Loc[i]=(int)(pv/bandsize);
            Px1[i]=(BYTE)Loc[i];
            if(showBand) {
                d=srcD+i; pv=Px1[i]; *d=(BYTE)pv;
                for(k=1;k<bandsize;k++) { d+=ByteWidth; *d=(BYTE)pv; }
            }
        }
    }
}

if((N=FindPeakValley(Loc,Width,&first))>2) {           // at least 2 points
    if(N>FindPeakValley(Loc,Px1,N,first,cPkt)-1) {      // -1 for not checking the last one
        N=IdentifyPeak(Loc,Px1,N,first,cPkt)-1;           // distance between adjacent peaks
        for(i=0;i<N;i++) {
            ext=Loc[i+1]-Loc[i];
            cpi=(int)(dpAdj/(float)ext);                  // convert to cpi unit
            if(cpi>cpilowLimit && cpi<cpihighLimit) lpRes->pHist[cpi]+=1;
            if(ext<=cNone) continue;                      // not counted if too small
            else if(ext<=cMicr) { mArea+=ext; mCunt++; }   // micro crimp
            else if(ext<=cNorm) { nArea+=ext; nCunt++; }   // normal crimp
            else if(ext<=cLarg) { lArea+=ext; lCunt++; }   // large crimp
            else continue;
            d=srcD+Loc[i];
            for(k=0; k<ext; k++) *d++=0xff;
            d=srcD+Loc[i];
            for(k=0; k<bandsize; k++) {                   // mark found crimp
                d+=srcD+Loc[i];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

19/21

FIG. 12F

```
*d=0xFF; * (d+ext) =0xff; d+=ByteWidth;

}

srcD+=bandByte;

}

if (mArea) lpRes->m[0]=dpAdj*(float)mCount/mArea; else lpRes->m[0]=0.0f; // micro crimp cpi
if (nArea) lpRes->n[0]=dpAdj*(float)nCount/nArea; else lpRes->n[0]=0.0f; // normal crimp cpi
if (lArea) lpRes->l[0]=dpAdj*(float)lCount/lArea; else lpRes->l[0]=0.0f; // large crimp cpi
if (tArea=mArea+nArea+lArea) {
    tCount=mCount+nCount+lCount; // total crimp count
    lpRes->o[0]=dpAdj*(float)tCount/(float)tArea; // overall CPI
}
else lpRes->o[0]=0.0f; // total image area excluding background area
if (tArea=(LONG)nBand*width) {
    lpRes->m[1]=100.0f*(float)mArea/tArea; // Area covered: micro
    lpRes->n[1]=100.0f*(float)nArea/tArea; // Area covered: normal
    lpRes->l[1]=100.0f*(float)lArea/tArea; // Area covered: large
}
else { lpRes->m[1]=lpRes->n[1]=lpRes->l[1]=0.0f; } // %Area covered: Overall
lpRes->o[1]=lpRes->m[1]+lpRes->n[1]+lpRes->l[1]; // display result
ShowResult(hwndCrimp);

*-----*
// returns: # of peak/valley points found in the array
*-----*/
```

int PFAW_FindPeakValley(
 int loc[], // input array, replaced with location idx of peak/valley points found upon return
 int nIn, // # of point in the array
 int *VPlist) // +/- = the 1st peak-valley point is peak/valley

```
register int old, new;
int nEqu; // # of equal value points
int nOut=0;
int i, sign;
old=loc[0]; nEqu=0;
for(i=1; i<nIn; i++) {
    if(loc[i]==old) {
        if((i==1) && (loc[i]>old)) { // find 1st peak/valley point
            sign=(loc[i]>old)?1:-1;
            *VPlist=-sign;
            loc[nOut++]=nEqu>>1;
            break;
        }
        else nEqu++;
    }
}
```

20/21

FIG. 12G

```
old=loc[i]; nEqu=0;
if(i<nIn) {
    for(i=i+1; i<nIn; i++) {
        new=loc[i];
        if(new==old) {
            if((new>old && sign<0) || // valley point
               (new<old && sign>0)) { // peak point
                loc[nOut++]=i-1-(nEqu>1); // record this turning point
                sign=-sign;
            }
            nEqu=0;
        } else nEqu++;
        old=new;
    }
    loc[nOut++]=nIn-1-(nEqu>>1); // the last peak/valley point
}
return(nOut);
}

/*
Identify crimp based on intensity criteria 'threshold'.
Idx to crimp peak is returned via input peak/valley idx array 'loc'
*/
int PEAR_IdentifyPeak(
    int loc[],           // input peak/valley index array, return Peak idx array
    BYTE pzl[],          // pixel intensity value array
    int N,                // # of peak/valley in array 'loc'
    int first,            // >0, 1st index in array 'loc' points to a peak
    int threshold) // intensity threshold value

{
    int i, outN=0;
    int C, L, R;
    int cPxl;
    int NoCompare=1;
    // current peak idx, left- & right-side valley idx
    // current peak pixel intensity
    // when previous peak is identified as NOT crimp peak
    // higher one of the previous and current peaks should
    // be used for identifying crimp peak

    i=(first>0) ? 2 : 1; // 1st peak to be examined, 1st idx point to a peak, if first>0
    L=loc[i-1];           // idx to left-side valley
    if((N-i)>2) N--;     // the last location is peak which should NOT be checked
                           // because no right-side valley to be compared
    for( ; i<N; i+=2) {
        if(NoCompare || pzl[C]<pzl[loc[i]]) C=loc[i];
    }
}
```

21/21

FIG. 12H

```
cPx1=(int)px1[C]-threshold;
R=loc[i+1];
NoCompare=1; // default to use new peak value @ next time peak identification
if(cPx1>=(int)px1[L]&&cPx1>=(int)px1[R]) { // crimp peak found
    loc[outN+1]=C; // record idx in output array
    L=R; // right-side valley becomes left-side valley for next peak
} else {
    if(px1[R]<px1[L]) L=R;
    else NoCompare=0;
}
return(outN);
```